

Dappster technical overview

Architecture, transaction flows, security controls, and trust boundaries for dappster.fun

VERSION	PUBLISHED	CANONICAL DOMAIN
1.0	July 31, 2026	https://dappster.fun

KEY CUSTODY STATEMENT	Dappster does not request, collect, or store EVM or user Solana seed phrases and private keys. Users approve wallet connection, payments, credit burns, and deployment-related signatures in their own wallet.
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01 / EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

What Dappster does

Dappster is an AI-assisted application builder that generates smart-contract source, frontend source, deployment instructions, and optional automated audit reports. Users can review and preview generated artifacts before deployment.

On EVM networks, deployments remain non-custodial: the connected wallet signs and broadcasts contract creation. On Solana, a disclosed, user-funded technical wallet performs program deployment only after wallet-signed funding and authorization, then transfers program upgrade authority to the user.

02 / ARCHITECTURE

System components

WEB APPLICATION	GENERATION AND AUDIT
Next.js and TypeScript on Vercel. wagmi/viem and WalletConnect-compatible EVM connectors; Solana wallet adapter.	Server-side structured AI output. Restricted Solidity compilation and isolated Solana builds.
DATA AND AUTHORIZATION	PUBLISHING
Supabase authentication, linked wallets, Postgres Row Level Security, owner-scoped records, and idempotent transaction synchronization.	Verified frontends are packaged with deployment metadata, pinned through Pinata, and served from IPFS gateways.

03 / EVM DEPLOYMENT

User-signed contract creation

1	The authenticated user selects a supported EVM network and requests a generated contract and frontend.
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2	Dappster compiles Solidity with solc, permits bundled OpenZeppelin imports, and returns ABI and creation bytecode.
3	The exact contract-creation payload is simulated against the selected chain RPC and gas is estimated before the wallet prompt.
4	The connected wallet signs and submits deployment. Dappster never receives the wallet private key or seed phrase.
5	The backend verifies receipt success, contract address, contract-creation form, exact 0.001 ETH value, fee recipient, and emitted fee event.
6	Only after verification may the generated frontend be published to IPFS.

REQUIRED DEPLOYMENT VALUE	FEE RECIPIENT
0.001 ETH	0x5D69C42A3a481d0CCFd88CFA8a2a08e2BF456134

The zero-argument payable constructor requires exactly 0.001 ETH, forwards it atomically to the disclosed recipient, and emits DappsterDeploymentFeePaid. If forwarding fails, deployment reverts. Network gas is separate.

04 / SUPPORTED EVM NETWORKS

Explicit allowlist

NETWORK	CHAIN ID	ENVIRONMENT
Base	8453	Mainnet
Ethereum	1	Mainnet
Arbitrum One	42161	Mainnet
OP Mainnet	10	Mainnet
Linea	59144	Mainnet
Robinhood Chain	4663	Mainnet
Ethereum Sepolia	11155111	Testnet
Base Sepolia	84532	Testnet

05 / SOLANA DEPLOYMENT

Authorized, user-funded relayer

1	Dappster compiles the generated Anchor program and calculates rent and deployment costs.
2	The linked user wallet signs funding to the disclosed technical wallet with a unique deployment-job memo.
3	The backend verifies cluster, sender, recipient, minimum amount, memo, signature status, and a separate deployment authorization.
4	A job queue and cluster lock serialize deployment wallet usage.

5	The technical wallet deploys with Solana's Upgradeable Loader, verifies the executable account, and transfers upgrade authority to the user.
6	The frontend is published only after Program ID verification.

The technical wallet is not used for EVM deployment. Mainnet SOL required for rent and deployment comes from the requesting user. Funding references cannot be reused across jobs.

06 / PAYMENTS AND CREDITS

On-chain settlement on Base

- Credit packages and membership settle in native Circle USDC on Base.
- Production membership contract: 0xea7e37d45b6f75ae6826c1925d7b0ac314c7ecae.
- The backend credits an account only after verifying the successful receipt and exact USDC Transfer event.
- Credits are non-transferable ERC-1155 units. The normal flow asks the linked wallet to sign burnOwnCredits.
- Unique usage IDs and payment references make purchases and credit consumption idempotent.

07 / SECURITY CONTROLS

Validation and access boundaries

- Schema-validated and size-limited API inputs; explicit chain allowlist; restricted Solidity imports.
- Wallet-to-account linkage for payment, credit, and deployment actions.
- Backend verification of chain, sender where applicable, destination, amount, success, events, and deployed address.
- Postgres Row Level Security for profiles, private projects, audits, transactions, and deployment jobs.
- Replay resistance using usage IDs, memos, job IDs, transaction references, and unique database constraints.
- Same-origin, bounded client-error telemetry that excludes wallet secrets.

08 / TRUST BOUNDARIES

What users must still verify

AI-generated code can contain defects. Compilation, transaction simulation, and automated audit output do not replace an independent professional security audit. Users can inspect source before deployment and should test high-value applications on a test network first. Wallet simulation and independent security providers remain additional protection layers.

09 / INDEPENDENT VERIFICATION

Public references

Production	https://dappster.fun
Technical overview	https://dappster.fun/technical-overview
Marketplace	https://dappster.fun/explore
Base membership contract	https://basescan.org/address/0xea7e37d45b6f75ae6826c1925d7b0ac314c7ecae
Deployment fee recipient	https://basescan.org/address/0x5D69C42A3a481d0CCFd88CFA8a2a08e2BF456134
Security contact	mikforlani@gmail.com